GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL DIRECTORATE OF COMMERCIAL TAXES 14, BELIAGHATA ROAD, KOLKATA-700015

TRADE CIRCULAR No. 05/2020

(Corresponding Central Circular No. 134/04/2020-GST)

DATED: 21.04.2020

Subject: Clarification in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

Various representations have been received from the trade and industry seeking clarification on issues being faced by entities covered under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the "IBC").

2. As per IBC, once an entity defaults certain threshold amount, Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (hereafter referred to as "CIRP") gets triggered and the management of such entity (Corporate Debtor) and its assets vest with an interim resolution professional (hereafter referred to as "IRP") or resolution professional (hereafter referred to as "RP"). It continues to run the business and operations of the said entity as a going concern till the insolvency proceeding is over and an order is passed by the National Company Law Tribunal (hereinafter referred to as the "NCLT")

3. To address the aforementioned problems, notification No. 439-F.T., dated 03.04.2020 has been issued by the Government prescribing special procedure under section 148 of the West Bengal Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "WBGST Act") for the corporate debtors who are undergoing CIRP under the provisions of IBC and the management of whose affairs are being undertaken by IRP/RP. In order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Commissioner, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168 of the WBGST Act hereby clarifies various issues in the table below:-

TABLE

S. No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	How are dues under GST for	In accordance with the provisions of the IBC
	pre-CIRP period be dealt?	and various legal pronouncements on the issue,
		no coercive action can be taken against the
		corporate debtor with respect to the dues for
		period prior to insolvency commencement date.
		The dues of the period prior to the
		commencement of CIRP will be treated as
		'operational debt' and claims may be filed by
		the proper officer before the NCLT in
		accordance with the provisions of the IBC. The
		tax officers shall seek the details of supplies
		made / received and total tax dues pending from
		the corporate debtor to file the claim before the
		NCLT.
		Moreover, section 14 of the IBC mandates the
		imposition of a moratorium period, wherein the
		institution of suits or continuation of pending
		suits or proceedings against the corporate debtor
		is prohibited.
2.	Should the GST registration	It is clarified that the GST registration of an
	of corporate debtor be	entity for which CIRP has been initiated should
	cancelled?	not be cancelled under the provisions of section
		29 of the WBGST Act, 2017. The proper officer
		may, if need be, suspend the registration. In case
		the registration of an entity undergoing CIRP
		has already been cancelled and it is within the
		period of revocation of cancellation of
		registration, it is advised that such cancellation
		may be revoked by taking appropriate steps in
		this regard.
3.	Is IRP/RP liable to file returns	No. In accordance with the provisions of IBC,

	of pre-CIRP period?	2016, the IRP/RP is under obligation to comply				
		with all legal requirements for period after the				
		Insolvency Commencement Date.				
		Accordingly, it is clarified that IRP/RP are not				
		under an obligation to file returns of pre-CIRP				
		period.				
	During CIRP period					
4.	Should a new registration be	The corporate debtor who is undergoing CIRP is				
	taken by the corporate debtor	to be treated as a distinct person of the corporate				
	during the CIRP period?	debtor and shall be liable to take a new				
		registration in each State or Union territory				
		where the corporate debtor was registered				
		earlier, within thirty days of the appointment of				
		the IRP/RP. Further, in cases where the IRP/RP				
		has been appointed prior to the issuance of				
		notification No. 39-F.T., dated 03.04.2020, he				
		shall take registration within thirty days of				
		issuance of the said notification, with effect				
		from date of his appointment as IRP/RP.				
5.	How to file First Return after	The IRP/RP will be liable to furnish returns,				
	obtaining new registration?	make payment of tax and comply with all the				
		provisions of the GST law during CIRP period.				
		The IRP/RP is required to ensure that the first				
		return is filed under section 40 of the WBGST				
		Act, for the period beginning the date on which				
		it became liable to take registration till the date				
		on which registration has been granted.				
6.	How to avail ITC for invoices	The special procedure issued under section 148				
	issued to the erstwhile	of the WBGST Act has provided the manner of				
	registered person in case the	availment of ITC while furnishing the first				
	IRP/RP has been appointed	return under section 40.				
	before issuance of notification	The said class of persons shall, in his first return,				

	No. 39-F.T., dated 03.04.2020	be eligible to avail input tax credit on invoices
	and no return has been filed	covering the supplies of goods or services or
	by the IRP during the CIRP ?	both, received since appointment as IRP/RP and
		during the CIRP period but bearing the GSTIN
		of the erstwhile registered person, subject to the
		conditions of Chapter V of the WBGST Act and
		rule made thereunder, except the provisions of
		sub-section (4) of section 16 of the WBGST Act
		and sub-rule (4) of rule 36 of the WBGST Rules.
		In terms of the special procedure under section
		148 of the WBGST Act issued vide notification
		No. 39-F.T., dated 03.04.2020. This exception
		is made only for the first return filed under
		section 40 of the WBGST Act.
7.	How to avail ITC for invoices	Registered persons who are receiving supplies
	by persons who are availing	from the said class of persons shall, for the
	supplies from the corporate	period from the date of appointment of IRP / RP
	debtors undergoing CIRP, in	till the date of registration as required in this
	cases where the IRP/RP was	notification or 30 days from the date of this
	appointed before the issuance	notification, whichever is earlier, be eligible to
	of the notification No. 39-	avail input tax credit on invoices issued using
	F.T., dated 03. 04. 2020?	the GSTIN of the erstwhile registered person,
		subject to the conditions of Chapter V of the
		WBGST Act and rule made thereunder, except
		the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 36 of the
		WBGST Rules.
8.	Some of the IRP/RPs have	Any amount deposited in the cash ledger by the
	made deposit in the cash	IRP/RP, in the existing registration, from the
	ledger of erstwhile	date of appointment of IRP / RP to the date of
	registration of the corporate	notification specifying the special procedure for
	debtor. How to claim refund	corporate debtors undergoing CIRP, shall be
	for amount deposited in the	available for refund to the erstwhile registration
	cash ledger by the IRP/RP?	under the head refund of cash ledger, even

though the relevant FORM GSTR-3B/GSTR-1
are not filed for the said period.
The instructions contained in Trade Circular No.
45/2019-GST dt. 21.11.2019 stands modified to
this extent.

5. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Commissioner.

6. This Trade Circular shall be deemed to have come into force on 23^{rd} March, 2020.

Sd/-(Devi Prasad Karanam) Commissioner, State Tax, West Bengal

Memo. <u>– 128 CT/PRO</u> 3C/PRO/2020 Date: 21.04.2020

Copy forwarded to the Additional CST/ISD for information and for uploading it on the official website of the Directorate for information of all concerned.

Sd/-(Nabanita Paul) Additional CST & PRO